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LEGISLATIVE HISTORY
Public Law 85-904
HJRes. 546

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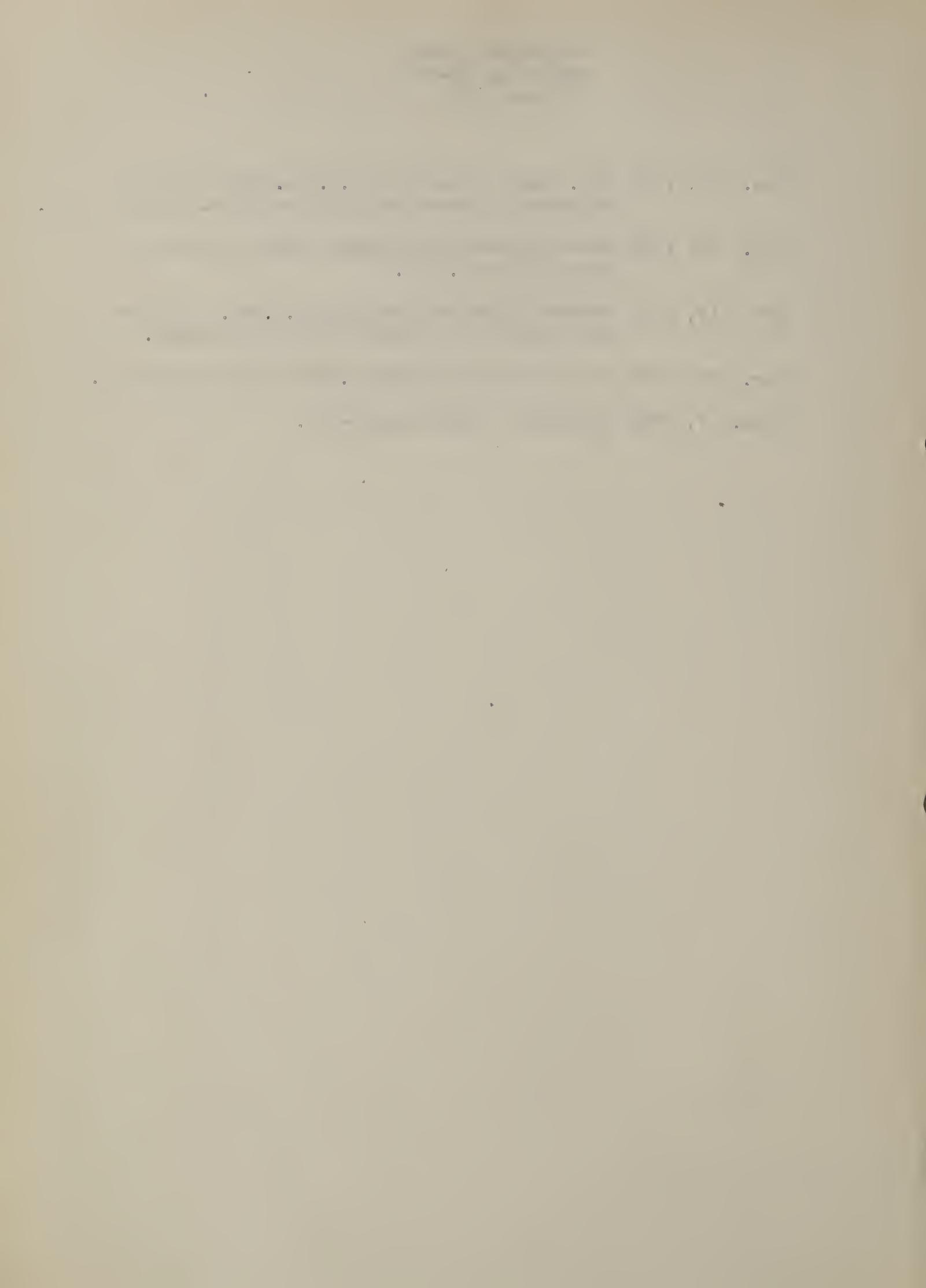
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LEGISLATIVE HISTORY

Public Law 85-904

HJRes. 546

- Feb. 20, 1958 Rep. Cooley introduced H.J.Res. 546 which was referred to House Judiciary Committee. Print of bill.
- Feb. 24, 1958 House Agriculture Committee went on record as favoring HJRes. 546.
- May 13, 1958 Senator Ellender introduced S.J.Res. 173 which was referred to Senate Judiciary Committee.
- Aug. 23, 1958 Both Houses passed HJRes. 546 without amendment.
- Sept. 2, 1958 Approved: Public Law 85-904.



DIGEST OF PUBLIC LAW 85-904

NATIONAL FARM-WEEK. Designates the week of November 21-27, 1958, as National Farm-City Week. Requests the President to issue a proclamation calling upon this Department and other interested agencies, institutions, and groups to plan programs for the appropriate observance of that week.

H. J. RES. 546

JOINT RESOLUTION APPROVING THE TREATY OF CONSOLIDATION,

AND DECLARING THE SAME TO BE THE ACT OF THE UNITED STATES.

JOINT RESOLUTION

Constituted in the House of Representatives of the United States, on the second day of January, A.D. 1863,

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representa-

tives, in Congress assembled, That the same be transmitted to the President of the United States, with a copy of the resolution, for his signature.

Approved, January 2, A.D. 1863, in two copies.

Approved, January 2, A.D. 1863, in two copies.

85TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

H. J. RES. 546

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FEBRUARY 20, 1958

Mr. COOLEY introduced the following joint resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

JOINT RESOLUTION

Designating the week of November 21-27, 1958, as National Farm-City Week.

1 *Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives*
2 *of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*
3 That the week of November 21-27, 1958, be designated as
4 National Farm-City Week, in recognition of the contribution
5 American farm families have made to our civilization and in
6 order to promote better public understanding of the needs,
7 problems, and opportunities of our country's agriculture and
8 farm people, and to honor men and women who have con-
9 tributed to agricultural achievements and progress.

10 To this end the President is authorized and requested
11 to issue a proclamation calling upon the Department of Agri-

1 culture, the land-grant colleges, the Agricultural Extension
2 Service, and all other appropriate agencies and officials of
3 the Government, to cooperate with National, State, and local
4 farm organizations and other groups in the several States
5 and counties in preparing and carrying out programs for the
6 appropriate observation of National Farm-City Week, in-
7 cluding plans for public meetings, discussions, exhibits,
8 pageants, and press, radio, and television features with a
9 special emphasis on notable achievements by rural groups
10 and individuals, local, State, and National, and on the all-
11 around enrichment of American country living through ade-
12 quate cultural, spiritual, educational, recreational, and health
13 facilities for both rural youth and rural adults.

JOINT RESOLUTION

Designating the week of November 21-27, 1958,
as National Farm-City Week.

By Mr. Cooley

FEBRUARY 20, 1958

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

Digest of CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE
(For Department Staff Only)

Issued February 25, 1958
For actions of February 24, 1958
85th-2d, No. 28

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HIGHLIGHTS: Senate committee reported bills to extend special school milk program, dairy program for armed services, and brucellosis eradication. Senate passed bill to increase public debt limit. Sen. Stennis criticized cut in ACP. House committee ordered reported bill to permit soil bank payments to certain producers who exceed cont'd on page 6)

HOUSE Feb. 24, 1958

1. CORN. The Agriculture Committee ordered reported H. R. 10843, to permit soil bank payments to certain producers who exceed their corn acreage allotments, and H. R. 10316, to exclude Ottawa County, Mich., from the commercial corn-producing area during 1958. p. D134
2. FOREST SERVICE. The Agriculture Committee ordered reported H. R. 7953, to facilitate and simplify the work of the Forest Service. p. D134
Received from GAO a report on the review of Forest Service activities in Alaska. p. 2307
3. FARM-CITY WEEK. The "Daily Digest" states that the Agriculture Committee "went on record as favoring H. J. Res. 546, pending before the House Judiciary Committee, to designate November 21-27 as National Farm-City week." p. D134
4. SCHOOL-LUNCH PROGRAM. Rep. Christopher inserted statements by the president of the Mo. Farmers Assoc., criticizing the Department for not making greater quantities of surplus commodities available for the school-lunch program. p. 2278

5. FOOD STAMPS. Rep. Sullivan urged support for legislation to establish a food-stamp plan for the distribution of surplus food to the needy, and criticized the Department for not supporting such a plan. p. 2278
6. INSECT CONTROL. Agreed to S. Con. Res. 66, to make certain corrections in the enrollment of S. 1895, to grant relief to certain persons for expenses incurred in kaphra beetle eradication. pp. 2277-78
7. BANKING. Rep. Patman inserted his testimony before the H. Government Operations Committee favoring H. R. 8332, to provide for an annual audit by GAO of certain Federal corporations. pp. 3285-90
8. FOREIGN TRADE. Several Reps. spoke in favor of, and others spoke against, extension of the reciprocal trade agreements program, and discussed foreign trade as it relates to agricultural products.
9. RIVER COMPACT. The Interior and Insular Affairs Committee reported with amendment S. 1086, to grant the consent of Congress to a Bear River compact (H. Rept. 1375). p. 2307
10. PRICE SUPPORTS. Received a Ky. Legislature memorial favoring the maintenance of price supports for tobacco at 90 percent of parity. p. 2309
11. APPROPRIATIONS. Following are additional excerpts from the committee report on H. R. 10881, the second supplemental appropriation bill, 1958:
- Translations of foreign documents. "House Document 313 proposed a supplemental appropriation of \$300,000 for the initiation of a program to make available to American science and industry translations of foreign documents in the fields of technology and applied science.
- "The Committee has not included this item in the accompanying bill. Funds for this purpose are also requested in the regular 1959 budget and the Committee expects to consider this matter further during the hearings on that estimate. The Department should give this proposal further study in the meantime, in view of the fact that other Federal and private agencies are already doing some work in this field."
- Science Foundation. "The additional \$9,900,000 requested is to expand present National Science Foundation programs. The Committee is in agreement these programs can be expanded profitably at this time on an emergency basis, and has approved \$8,750,000 for such purpose. In so doing, however, increased emphasis has been placed by the Committee on the fellowship and teacher training programs."

SENATE

12. PUBLIC DEBT. Passed without amendment H. R. 9955, to increase temporarily until June 30, 1959, the public debt limit by \$5 billion. Rejected a motion to recommit, 12 to 74, and an amendment by Sen. Lausche to confine the increase to \$3 billion, 27 to 56. This measure will now be sent to the President. pp. 2236-9, 2243-9, 2252-61, 2272-3
13. BRUCELLOSIS. The Agriculture and Forestry Committee reported an original bill, S. 3343, to extend the accelerated brucellosis control program under sec. 204 (e) of the Agricultural Act of 1954 for two years (S. Rept. 1320). p. 2217

AREA REDEVELOPMENT

Committee on Banking and Currency: Subcommittee on Production and Stabilization resumed its hearings on area redevelopment and assistance legislation (S. 104, 964, 1433, and 1854), with testimony from Charles E. Bishop, professor, North Carolina State University; Kenneth Parsons, professor, University of Wisconsin; Walter J. Wills, professor, Southern Illinois University; Vernon Ruttan, professor, Purdue University; and Eldon Smith, professor, University of Kentucky. The witnesses discussed problems of rural unemployment and underemployment.

Hearings were recessed subject to call of the Chair.

FIBER PRODUCTS ADVERTISING

Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce: Committee held hearings on H. R. 469 and S. 1616, providing protection against misbranding and false advertising of the fiber content of textile fiber products, with testimony favoring its enactment from Senators Payne and Stennis; Representative Smith of Mississippi; Kenneth M. Plaisted, National Board of Fur Farm Organizations, Inc., Milwaukee; and J. Banks Young, National Cotton Council of America, Washington, D. C.

Hearings continue tomorrow.

COMMITTEE BUSINESS

Committee on the Judiciary: Committee met in executive session and ordered favorably reported the following:

The nominations of Leonard Page Moore, of New York, to be U. S. circuit judge, second circuit; Edwin M. Stanley, to be U. S. district judge for the middle district of North Carolina; Julius H. Miner, to be U. S. district judge for the northern district of Illinois; Axel J. Beck, to be U. S. district judge for the district of South Dakota; William R. Butler, to be U. S. attorney for the southern district of Texas; Clark W. Gregory, to be U. S. marshal for the eastern district of Michigan; Edward L. McCarthy, to be U. S. marshal for the district of Rhode Island; George M. Yeager, to be U. S. attorney, division No. 4, district of Alaska; and Herbert Barnes, to be U. S. marshal for the district of Delaware;

S. 213, to confer jurisdiction on Court of Claims to render judgment on customs employees' claims to extra pay for overtime services performed after August 31, 1931; and S. 1438, to amend the U. S. Code relating to the bonds of U. S. marshals; and

Sixteen private immigration bills (S. Con. Res. 67, S. 803, 2239, 2493, 2538, 2613, 2621, 2650, 2657, 2691, 2712, 2718, 2733, 2818, 2819, and 2849).

Committee indefinitely postponed further action on 11 private immigration bills (S. 1114, 2116, 2351, 2572, 2576, 2591, 2683, 2731, 2855, 2856, and 2889).

Committee appointed a subcommittee consisting of Senators Hennings, Carroll, and Watkins, to determine policy concerning reimbursement when drivers of Government vehicles are held to be negligent by State courts.

NOMINATIONS

Committee on the Judiciary: Committee held hearings on the nominations of John A. Hannah, of Michigan, to be Chairman, and John S. Battle, of Virginia, Doyle E. Carlton, of Florida, Rev. Theodore M. Hesburg, of Indiana, Robert G. Storey, of Texas, and J. Ernest Wilkins, of Illinois, all to be members of the Commission on Civil Rights. Testimony was heard from Senators McNamara, Robertson, Jenner, Yarborough, and Dirksen, who spoke in behalf of the nominees from their respective States. The nominees were present.

Hearings were recessed subject to call of the Chair.

SCIENCE AND EDUCATION

Committee on Labor and Public Welfare: Committee continued its hearings on the subject of science and education for national defense, with testimony from Dr. M. H. Trytten, Director of Office of Scientific Personnel, accompanied by Dr. Ralph Cleland, Chairman of Advisory Committee on Personnel, and R. M. Whaley, Executive Director, Advisory Board on Education, all of the National Academy of Sciences and National Research Council.

Hearings continue tomorrow.

House of Representatives

Chamber Action

Bills Introduced: 48 public bills, H. R. 10886-10933; 15 private bills, H. R. 10934-10948; and 8 resolutions, H. J. Res. 547, H. Con. Res. 268-274, and H. Res. 482, were introduced.

Pages 2308-2310

Bills Reported: Reports were filed as follows:

Twenty-first report of the Committee on Government Operations entitled "Use of Defense Support Funds for

Economic and Political Purposes," filed on February 22 (H. Rept. 1374);

S. 1086, to grant the consent of Congress to a Bear River compact, amended (H. Rept. 1375);

H. R. 7570, relating to social security coverage for certain employees of tax-exempt organizations which paid tax (H. Rept. 1376);

H. R. 8483, to authorize the extension of leases of certain lands in the Territory of Hawaii (H. Rept. 1377);

H. R. 9501, approving Joint Resolution 28 enacted by the Legislature of Territory of Hawaii in the regular session of 1957, relating to the conditions and terms of right-of-purchase leases (H. Rept. 1378);

H. R. 9509, relating to importation of certain articles for religious purposes, amended (H. Rept. 1379);

H. R. 9919, to extend the privilege of substitution for the purpose of obtaining drawback upon reexportation to all classes of merchandise, amended (H. Rept. 1380); and

H. J. Res. 427, to grant to Kerr County, Tex., the reversionary interest of the United States in certain real property, amended (H. Rept. 1381). **Pages 2307-2308**

President's Message—Veto: Received and read a veto message from the President on H. R. 1495, a private bill. The message and bill were referred to the Committee on the Judiciary and ordered printed as a House document (H. Doc. 340). **Page 2276**

Private Resolutions: The following private resolutions, H. J. Res. 417, 429, 435, 436, and 437, were cleared for Presidential action by House agreement to Senate amendments thereto. **Pages 2276-2277**

Nevada Land Conveyance: Adopted the conference report on S. 1568, conveyance of certain public lands in Nevada to Colorado River Commission of Nevada, and sent the legislation to the Senate. **Page 2277**

Private Bill: Adopted S. Con. Res. 66, authorizing reenrollment with certain changes of S. 1805, a private bill. **Pages 2277-2278**

Program for Tuesday: Adjourned at 2:22 p. m. until Tuesday, February 25, at 12 o'clock noon, when the House will consider H. R. 10881, second supplemental appropriation bill for 1958.

Committee Meetings

AGRICULTURAL MISCELLANY

Committee on Agriculture: In executive session ordered favorably reported to the House the following bills:

H. R. 10316, to exclude Ottawa County, Mich., from the commercial corn-producing area during 1958;

H. R. 10843, to amend the Soil Bank Act with respect to compliance with corn acreage allotments; and

H. R. 7953, to facilitate and simplify the work of the Forest Service.

Also went on record as favoring H. J. Res. 546, pending before the House Judiciary Committee, to designate November 21-27 as National Farm-City week.

COTTON

Committee on Agriculture: Subcommittee on Cotton held hearing relating to certain cotton acreage matters in Texas. Testimony was received from representatives of the Texas Board of Correction and Agriculture Department.

NATIONAL DEFENSE

Committee on Armed Services: Continued executive inquiry regarding the national defense. Testimony was received from the following Air Force Department witnesses: Lt. Gen. Clarence S. Irvine, Deputy Chief of Staff for Materiel, and Maj. Gen. B. A. Schriever, Commander, Ballistic Missiles Division. Executive sessions continue tomorrow.

MILITARY PAY BILL

Committee on Armed Services: Subcommittee No. 2 continued hearings on H. R. 9979, to change the method of computing basic pay of members of the uniformed services. Defense Department witnesses were heard. Hearings continue tomorrow.

NATIONAL GUARD

Committee on Armed Services: Subcommittee No. 1 held hearing on the National Guard. Testimony was received from Secretary of the Army Wilber M. Brucker, Gen. Maxwell D. Taylor, Chief of Staff, and other Army Department witnesses. Hearings continue tomorrow.

MATS

Committee on Government Operations: Subcommittee on Military Operations resumed hearing relating to the operation of the Military Air Transport Service. Air Force Department witnesses were heard. Hearings continue tomorrow.

FALSE ADVERTISING—TRANQUILIZERS

Committee on Government Operations: Subcommittee on Legal and Monetary Affairs received testimony relating to false and misleading advertising of prescription tranquilizers. Hearings resume on Wednesday, February 26.

CORPORATION CONTROL ACT

Committee on Government Operations: Subcommittee on Executive and Legislative Reorganization concluded hearings on H. R. 8332, to amend the Government Corporation Control Act. Testimony was received from Representative Patman; Gov. R. B. Tootell, Farm Credit Administration; and representative of the Bureau of the Budget.

FEDERAL-STATE RELATIONS

Committee on Government Operations: Subcommittee on Intergovernmental Relations received testimony from public witnesses relative to Federal-State-local relations. Hearings continue tomorrow.

HAWAII

Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs: Subcommittee on Territorial and Insular Affairs ordered favorably reported to the full committee H. R. 10347 (amended), authorizing the issuance of \$14 million in

S. J. RES. 173

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES,

RECEIVED
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JULY 13, 1948

JOINT RESOLUTION

DEMANDING THE

RESIGNATION

OF THE

85TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

S. J. RES. 173

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MAY 13 (legislative day, MAY 12), 1958

Mr. ELLENDER (for himself and Mr. AIKEN) introduced the following joint resolution; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

JOINT RESOLUTION

Designating the week of November 21-27, 1958, as National Farm-City Week.

1 *Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives*
2 *of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*
3 That the week of November 21-27, 1958, be designated as
4 National Farm-City Week, in recognition of the contribution
5 American farm families have made to our civilization and in
6 order to promote better public understanding of the needs,
7 problems, and opportunities of our country's agriculture and
8 farm people, and to honor men and women who have con-
9 tributed to agricultural achievements and progress.

10 To this end the President is authorized and requested
11 to issue a proclamation calling upon the Department of

1 Agriculture, the land-grant colleges, the Agricultural Ex-
2 tension Service, and all other appropriate agencies and
3 officials of the Government, to cooperate with National, State,
4 and local farm organizations and other groups in the several
5 States and counties in preparing and carrying out programs
6 for the appropriate observation of National Farm-City Week,
7 including plans for public meetings, discussions, exhibits,
8 pageants, and press, radio, and television features with a
9 special emphasis on notable achievements by rural groups
10 and individuals, local, State, and National, and on the all-
11 around enrichment of American country living through ade-
12 quate cultural, spiritual, educational, recreational, and health
13 facilities for both rural youth and rural adults.

JOINT RESOLUTION

Designating the week of November 21-27, 1958,
as National Farm-City Week.

By Mr. ELLENDER and Mr. AIKEN

MAY 13 (legislative day, MAY 12), 1958
Read twice and referred to the Committee on the
Judiciary

Major

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Aug 23, 1958

29. FARM-CITY WEEK. Both Houses passed without amendment H. J. Res. 546, designating the week of November 21-27, 1958, as National Farm-City Week. (pp. 17967, 18001-2) This measure will now be sent to the President.
30. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION. Both Houses agreed to the conference report on H. R. 13489, the military construction appropriation bill for 1959, and acted on amendments in disagreement. (pp. 17901-5, 18002-3) This bill will now be sent to the President.
31. SURPLUS COMMODITIES. Received from this Department a report on orderly liquidation of stocks of agricultural commodities held by CCC and the expansion of markets for surplus commodities, pursuant to Public Law 540, 84th Congress. p. 17758
32. FARM PROGRAM. Sen. Symington discussed the feed grain and livestock situation, stating that "because it would appear that we may now be planning disaster, and because there may still be time to avoid it, herewith is presented an analysis of what is facing the feed-grain-livestock segment of our farm economy," and suggested alternative programs for dealing with these commodities. pp. 17766-8
Sen. Morse inserted several articles on President Theodore Roosevelt's views on farm problems, public power, and co-ops. pp. 17780-2
33. GOVERNMENT SECURITY. Sen. Morse inserted several League of Women Voters' letters discussing the Government's loyalty and security program. pp. 17778-9
34. FOREIGN AID. Sens. Mansfield and Malone discussed the foreign aid program. pp. 17783, 17803-21
35. ELECTRIFICATION. Sen. Curtis inserted a speech by Sen. Hruska discussing recent improvements in the REA program. pp. 17795-6
Sen. Anderson inserted a summary of Atomic Energy activity during the 85th Congress, including power reactor developments. pp. 17880-1
36. ECONOMIC SITUATION. Sen. Long inserted his statement discussing economic conditions, including tables on consumer and wholesale prices, and interest rates. pp. 17800-3
37. PUBLIC WORKS. Sen. Chavez inserted a statement on activities of the Committee on Public Works during the 85th Congress. pp. 17822-5
38. WATER RESOURCES. Sen. Anderson discussed the record of the 85th Congress in dealing with water resources. pp. 17881-4
39. MEATPACKERS. Sen. O'Mahoney inserted his statement discussing the enactment of H. R. 9020, the packers and stockyards bill. pp. 17992-3
40. ACCOMPLISHMENTS. Sen. Johnson inserted summaries on the accomplishments of Senate committees, and the "legislative record" of the 2nd session of the 85th Congress. pp. 18003-16, 18016-46
41. ADJOURNMENT. Both Houses adjourned sine die. Both Houses passed without amendment H.J. Res. 704, stating that the 86th Congress shall convene at noon on Wed., Jan. 7, 1959. This measure will now be sent to the President. pp. 17989, 18001, 17921

HOUSE - August 23

42. PUBLIC DEBT. Agreed to the Senate amendments to H. R. 13580, the public debt increase bill. This bill will now be sent to the President. pp. 17900-1
43. EDUCATION. Agreed, 212 to 85, to the conference report on H. R. 13247, the national defense education bill. This bill will now be sent to the President. pp. 17905-17
44. FARM PROGRAM. Rep. Schwengel commended the achievements made under this Administration's farm policies. pp. 17959-60
Rep. Thompson, N. J., discussed the accomplishments of the 85th Congress, and the program submitted by 80 House members early in 1957. He stated that the threat of Presidential veto circumscribed their farm program plans. pp. 17982-5
45. VIRGIN ISLANDS. Agreed to the conference report on H. R. 12226, to amend the Virgin Islands Corporation Act, including authority to operate salt water distillation facilities, and continuation of authority for sugar production. p. 17917 This bill will now be sent to the President.
46. FRUITS. On the objection of Reps. Davis, Ga., Byrnes, Wis., and Ford, passed over H. R. 11056, to amend the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act so as to extend restrictions on certain imported citrus fruits, dried fruits, and nuts. p. 17922
47. MINING. Passed as reported, S. 2039, to clarify the requirements on the performance of labor imposed as a condition for holding Federal mining claims. The Senate concurred in the House amendment. This bill will now be sent to the President. pp. 17924-5, 17877-8
48. FORESTRY. At the request of Rep. Byrnes, Wis., passed over S. 3587, to authorize the Agriculture and Interior Departments to study and report on the advisability of establishing a national park in the Wheeler Peak-Lehman Caves area of the Snake Range in eastern Nev. p. 17924
Passed without amendment S. 3741, to provide regular National Forest status to most lands under the jurisdiction of the Forest Service. This bill will now be sent to the President. p. 17925
49. CROP INSURANCE. Passed as reported H. R. 13262, to eliminate the prohibition against crop insurance being made available to certain counties which do not have wide participation in the program. p. 17925
50. BUILDINGS. Passed without amendment S. 3142, to amend the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act to authorize the leasing of Federal building sites until needed for construction purposes. This bill will now be sent to the President. pp. 17926-7
51. CONTRACTS. Agreed to the Senate amendments to H. R. 11749, to extend the Renegotiation Act of 1951 for 6 months. This bill will now be sent to the President. p. 17905
52. ECONOMIC SITUATION. Rep. Cramer criticized those who recommend "Greater Government spending and sharply reduced taxes" as the cure for economic ills, and asserted that "this Democrat-controlled Congress" was "the highest, most lavish spending Congress in the history of this great Republic." He cited as an example the farm bill, which he stated would have cost \$2.5 billion. pp. 17939-42

audit shall be conducted at the place or places where the accounts of the corporation are normally kept. All books, accounts, financial records, reports, files, and all other papers, things or property belonging to or in use by the corporation and necessary to facilitate the audit shall be made available to the person or persons conducting the audit; and full facilities for verifying transactions with the balances or securities held by depositories, fiscal agents, and custodians shall be afforded to such person or persons.

(b) A report of such audit shall be made by the corporation to the Congress not later than 6 months following the close of each year for which the audit is made. The report shall set forth the scope of the audit and shall include a verification by the person or persons conducting the audit of statements of (1) assets and liabilities, (2) capital and surplus or deficit, (3) surplus or deficit analysis, (4) income and expense, and (5) sources and application of funds. Such report shall not be printed as a public document.

EXCLUSIVE RIGHT TO NAME, EMBLEMS, SEALS, AND BADGES

SEC. 15. The corporation and its subordinate divisions shall have the sole and exclusive right to use the name, the Big Brothers of America. The corporation shall have the exclusive and sole right to use or to allow or refuse the use of such emblems, seals, and badges as have heretofore been used by the predecessor New York corporation, Big Brothers of America, Inc., described in section 16 of this title and the right to which may be transferred to the corporation.

TRANSFER OF ASSETS

SEC. 16. The corporation may acquire the assets of the Big Brothers of America, Inc., a corporation organized under the laws of the State of New York, upon discharging or satisfactorily providing for the payment and discharge of all of the liability of such corporation and upon complying with all laws of the State of New York applicable thereto.

USE OF ASSETS ON DISSOLUTION OR LIQUIDATION

SEC. 17. Upon dissolution or final liquidation of the corporation, after discharge or satisfaction of all outstanding obligations and liabilities, the remaining assets, if any, of the corporation shall be distributed in accordance with the determination of the board of directors of the corporation and in compliance with the constitution and bylaws of the corporation and all Federal and State laws applicable thereto.

RESERVATION OF RIGHT TO AMEND OR REPEAL CHARTER

SEC. 18. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this act is expressly reserved.

The bill was ordered to be read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

NATIONAL FARM-CITY WEEK

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent for the immediate consideration of the resolution (H. J. Res. 546) designating the week of November 21-27, 1958, as National Farm-City Week.

The Clerk read the title of the joint resolution.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Pennsylvania?

Mr. KEATING. Mr. Speaker, reserving the right to object, would the gentleman please explain this resolution?

Mr. WALTER. This is the resolution that the distinguished gentleman from

New York [Mr. KEATING], prevailed upon the Committee on the Judiciary to approve unanimously at a meeting, I think, in June.

Mr. KEATING. I am sure that it will help both the farm and the city people, and I am sure it is a fine piece of legislation.

Mr. WALTER. I agree with the gentleman.

Mr. GROSS. Mr. Speaker, further reserving the right to object, I am sure that it has the endorsement of two very good farmers in the persons of the gentleman from New York, Mr. KEATING, and the gentleman from Pennsylvania [Mr. WALTER].

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Pennsylvania?

There was no objection.

The Clerk read the resolution, as follows:

Resolved, etc., That the week of November 21-27, 1958, be designated as National Farm-City Week, in recognition of the contribution American farm families have made to our civilization and in order to promote better public understanding of the needs, problems, and opportunities of our country's agriculture and farm people, and to honor men and women who have contributed to agricultural achievements and progress.

To this end the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the Department of Agriculture, the land-grant colleges, the Agricultural Extension Service, and all other appropriate agencies and officials of the Government to cooperate with National, State, and local farm organizations and other groups in the several States and counties in preparing and carrying out programs for the appropriate observation of National Farm-City Week, including plans for public meetings, discussions, exhibits, pageants, and press, radio, and television features with a special emphasis on notable achievements by rural groups and individuals, local, State, and National, and on the all-around enrichment of American country living through adequate cultural, spiritual, educational, recreational, and health facilities for both rural youth and rural adults.

The joint resolution was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

HON. OTTO KRUEGER

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Iowa [Mr. HOEVEN].

Mr. HOEVEN. Mr. Speaker, OTTO KRUEGER, Representative at Large from the State of North Dakota, is one of the finest gentlemen I have ever known. He is voluntarily retiring from Congress at the end of this year.

Mr. Speaker, there is something unique about OTTO KRUEGER. He was born in Russia of German parents and came to the United States in 1910 and as soon as possible thereafter he became a naturalized citizen. He is an individual, therefore, who really appreciates America and Americanism.

He is a graduate of the North Dakota public schools and served as a private in World War I, seeing service in Belgium and France. He was elected 10 times as county auditor of his home

county. Thereafter he became State treasurer of North Dakota, insurance commissioner of North Dakota, State budget director of North Dakota, and he is now completing 6 years as a Representative in the Congress of the United States.

Mr. Speaker, Mr. KRUEGER has served with distinction as a member of the very important Committee on Appropriations of the House, and during the past few years he has been a valuable member of the Committee on Agriculture. He has been most loyal in his attendance at committee meetings and has contributed much to the deliberations of that committee.

In closing, may I say that OTTO KRUEGER is the type of American who stays a wholesome American. He is a rugged individualist who believes in the Constitution and the rights of the States. Anyone who has come up this hard way and has become a naturalized citizen appreciates perhaps more than those of us who were born here the great benefits of being a citizen of this great land.

Mr. Speaker, I regret that OTTO KRUEGER is retiring from Congress. He is the kind of man we need in these legislative halls during these troublesome days. We wish him well as he returns to his home in North Dakota to live among his many friends and his loved ones. I know we all wish for him all that is good in the days that lie ahead.

Mr. Speaker, I now yield to the distinguished minority leader, Mr. MARTIN.

Mr. MARTIN. Mr. Speaker, I join the gentleman from Iowa [Mr. HOEVEN], in expressing appreciation of the splendid services of our good friend, OTTO KRUEGER. He has been a great legislator. He has served with distinction and great ability. We all regret that he is voluntarily retiring. OTTO, we wish you every success in the days ahead. You carry with you to your North Dakota the warm friendship of legions of friends who have admired your fine service.

Mr. HOEVEN. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from California [Mr. HIESTAND].

Mr. HIESTAND. Mr. Speaker, I am very happy to join with the gentleman from Iowa and others in paying respects to OTTO KRUEGER, who is leaving us. I hate to see him leave. He is a man who is strong in his convictions. He votes as he thinks. He allows only that influence which is based upon reason and is an example to a great many others. I am sorry to see him leave and wish for him only the finest of things in the future.

Mr. HOEVEN. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Iowa [Mr. CUNNINGHAM].

Mr. CUNNINGHAM of Iowa. Mr. Speaker, I wish to thank the gentleman from Iowa for paying this tribute to a well-deserved Member of this body. I join him in everything he has said and everything the gentleman from Massachusetts and the other gentlemen have said about OTTO KRUEGER. OTTO KRUEGER is a man who wears well. He is genial and lovable in all of his associations. He is a hard worker. He has

been faithful in his attendance in this body. America and the State of North Dakota will both lose much by his decision to retire. I regret to see him leave.

Mr. HOEVEN. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Oklahoma [Mr. ALBERT].

Mr. ALBERT. Mr. Speaker, I appreciate the fact that the gentleman from Iowa is making this statement on behalf of my friend, OTTO KRUEGER, who has served with me on the Committee on Agriculture and on the Subcommittee on Wheat for a long time. He is a most conscientious, industrious, and attentive Member of this House. We will miss him. He is a great legislator and a fine American.

Mr. HOEVEN. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Texas [Mr. THOMPSON].

Mr. THOMPSON of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I feel particularly close to the gentleman from North Dakota. He has been a member of my Subcommittee on Family Farms and the Subcommittee on Rice. He said when we started our deliberations he knew nothing about them, but I think that was a masterful understatement. He has been a loyal member of those committees. He has helped us in every possible way. He has always been available for meetings. He has gone places when we needed to go places on our committee away from Washington, and at great inconvenience to himself.

I thought there should be some way to enjoin him from leaving the Congress but apparently there is nothing of the kind available to us, so I think we shall simply have to call on him in private life to come to us and help us as he has during the years he has been here. Of OTTO I want to say this: He is the kind of man who does things for people. He is the kind who is on call particularly if people are a little bit unfortunate and really need help.

The mark that he has left here in the Congress will remain long after Otto has gone on to the comparative ease of private life which he seeks. We do not begrudge it to him at all, but we shall most certainly miss him.

Mr. HOEVEN. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Kansas [Mr. SCRIVNER].

Mr. SCRIVNER. Mr. Speaker, you have just heard the gentleman from Iowa describe what is in my opinion a very personified demonstration of the opportunity that exists in this great Republic, so that a man who is diligent, who is honest, who is not afraid of work, and has competence and speaks the voice of his competence, can rise to great heights, because being a Member of the House of Representatives of the United States is a responsible position, one which very few ever reach. He has demonstrated what it means. He has been a very fine example of what can be done in this great land of opportunity.

Mr. HOEVEN. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Utah [Mr. DIXON].

Mr. DIXON. Mr. Speaker, all year long I have sat next to OTTO KRUEGER in

the Committee on Agriculture. During the long sessions, when we were thirsty, because the pitcher of ice water was always in front of me I would turn to OTTO and say, "Nun, mein lieber Freund, wollen Sie Schnapps oder kaltes Wasser?" He always replied, "Schnapps," but all that I ever gave him was cold water.

I have taken to heart the great services of this man, who was an interpreter during the war. His services there were invaluable. It is wonderful to have a man who knows a foreign language we need so badly to know, a man whom our country can trust right to the end of the road. That is the kind of man we have in OTTO KRUEGER, and that is the kind of service he rendered during the war. I certainly wish that every blessing may follow him.

"Bis auf widersetzen. Leben Sie wohl und brauchen Sie nichts."

Mr. HOEVEN. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Arizona [Mr. RHODES].

Mr. RHODES of Arizona. Mr. Speaker, I, too, am sorry that our good friend OTTO KRUEGER is retiring. He, I believe, is the first member of the Republican 83d Club to retire voluntarily. As a contemporary of his, I am sorry to see him go.

I have also been the minority whip of the region from which Mr. KRUEGER comes, and I may say that all the way he has been cooperative in every way he could possibly be. He is a fine man, a good legislator, a good friend. I am sorry to see him go.

Mr. HOEVEN. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Washington [Mr. PELLY].

Mr. PELLY. Mr. Speaker, I should like to say that OTTO KRUEGER, coming from a farming area, has won the admiration of those of us who represent city districts. To me he typifies the finest thinking in America. I for one see his going with the deepest of regret. In the years to come I hope Otto KRUEGER will come back here and see the great things that he stood for in this Chamber still carried on in the future.

Mr. HOEVEN. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Iowa [Mr. GROSS].

Mr. GROSS. Mr. Speaker, I, too, want to commend my colleague from Iowa for calling our attention to retirement of OTTO KRUEGER. He has been a good and conscientious legislator. I wish him every success in his retirement.

Mr. HOEVEN. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from California [Mr. McDONOUGH].

Mr. McDONOUGH. Mr. Speaker, I want to join with my other colleagues in wishing OTTO KRUEGER the best of everything as he retires from this body. I have been authorized by the California delegation, at least on this side of the aisle, to say we all regret his retirement. OTTO KRUEGER to me represents the typical rugged individualist, a man who appreciates the good things of this life and of this Nation. He has served in public office for 38 years. We regret seeing him leave because we know we are going to

miss him. We are going to miss the counsel and wisdom of a man who is fundamentally honest and who can be depended upon in everything that he does or says. I regret to see him leave.

Mr. HOEVEN. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Tennessee [Mr. BASS].

Mr. BASS of Tennessee. Mr. Speaker, I wish to join my distinguished colleague the gentleman from Iowa [Mr. HOEVEN] and other friends of OTTO KRUEGER in wishing for him the best of everything for him as he leaves the House of Representatives. I have had the privilege of serving with him on the House Committee on Agriculture and as a member of the subcommittee on family farms. He is a rugged individualist. He is a man of firm decisions, a man of wisdom. When you think of a man who has lived the life that OTTO KRUEGER has lived, if such a man could be described as being a lovable man—OTTO KRUEGER is such a man. I have learned to love him and have enjoyed his association. I wish him many more years of happiness and success as he leaves this great body.

Mr. HOEVEN. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Tennessee [Mr. REECE].

Mr. REECE of Tennessee. Mr. Speaker, OTTO KRUEGER, our friend who has made his own decision to leave this body, is a great legislator. He has voted his convictions on what he thought was in the best interest of the people of North Dakota and of the Nation. Over and above that, OTTO KRUEGER is a great man. He is a man of great heart—he is a man of fine qualities both of heart and mind. Those of us who have come to know him intimately appreciate those qualities. I am sure he will continue to serve his people in some capacity wherever he may be. We all regret to see him leave this body.

Mr. HOEVEN. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Indiana [Mr. HALLECK].

Mr. HALLECK. Mr. Speaker, in recent days we have been speaking in this Chamber of the character and service of those of our colleagues who are retiring this year from this body. I have spoken of a number of them. I have spoken from the heart because they are people whom I respect and love and admire.

All of us who have known OTTO KRUEGER are sorry to see him leave this body. He has been a stalwart champion of the things in which he believes, and I happen to think that the things in which he believes have been good for the country. I am sorry to see him go. I just wish he were going to be with us here in the next Congress, because I am certain that if he had elected to stay here he would have been returned. However, he has chosen to retire and I wish him Godspeed with many happy years to come.

Mr. HOEVEN. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Wyoming [Mr. THOMSON].

Mr. THOMSON of Wyoming. Mr. Speaker, although I realize the time is short, I would like to join with my colleagues in paying tribute to a distin-

THE PRESIDING OFFICER. No. Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the entire letter be printed at this point in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the letter was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

JUNE 6, 1958.

Hon. JOSEPH S. CLARK,
Senate Office Building,

Washington, D. C.

DEAR JOE: I wish to call your attention to the very serious adverse effects upon Pennsylvania of Senate bill 1123. This bill would permit the Metropolitan Sanitary District of Chicago, Ill., to divert out of the Great Lakes, 2,500 cubic feet per second of water for a period of 3 years. At the present time, the Metropolitan Sanitary District diverts 3,500 cubic feet per second from the Great Lakes Basin pursuant to a decree of the United States Supreme Court.

The additional diversion which would be authorized by this bill would lower the level of Lake Erie 1½ to 2 inches. While this may appear to be but a slight matter, it would affect adversely all riparian landowners and seriously interfere with the operations of the Port of Erie. Much effort and funds have been expended to maintain a deep channel at this port. The lowering of the lake level vitiates this work.

Moreover, the lowering of the lake level would result in a loss of one to one and one-half million tons of shipping each year for each inch by which the lake level is lowered. The Great Lakes barges, which carry so much of the commerce of this region, are loaded to the nearest inch. Consequently, the maintenance of lake levels is of utmost importance to the shipping industry and the commerce of the Great Lakes area.

The lowering of the lake level also affects the power potential at Niagara. Since a large section of Pennsylvania will be among the preferred users when the hydroelectric power is developed, this potential loss of cheap power also affects Pennsylvania adversely.

The diversion of water, one of our most precious natural resources, out of its watershed area in order to benefit some other area constitutes a new and dangerous principle of law. The companion bill to Senate bill 1123 has already passed the House. No representative from Pennsylvania appeared to protest the bill. I urge that you vote against this measure and protest its passage.

With kindest personal regards, I am,
Sincerely yours,

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I should like to say that we in Pennsylvania have had a rather unhappy experience with the diversion of our natural water rights. In Pennsylvania, we have the Delaware River. New York, with the approval of the Supreme Court, has taken an enormous gallongage out of the Delaware River, to provide water for the city of New York.

I see on the floor at this time my distinguished friend, the Senator from Oklahoma. Last year, he and I and our friend, the Senator from Ohio, had a rather spirited argument about how much of the power from the Niagara project should go to the electric cooperatives in New York, Ohio, and Pennsylvania.

I hope that, as a result, there will not follow—as seemed to me then—to be likely, and, in all good humor, I say that it seems now to be likely—an unfortunate precedent in respect to preventing water from flowing where it

wants to flow, to the detriment of the owners of the riparian rights.

For that reason, I support my friend, the Senator from Wisconsin [Mr. PROXIMIRE] in his opposition to the pending bill.

Mr. PROXIMIRE. I thank the distinguished Senator from Pennsylvania for his excellent statement.

MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE

A message from the House of Representatives, by Mr. Maurer, one of its reading clerks, announced that the House had passed, without amendment, the bill (S. 3728) to incorporate the Big Brothers of America.

The message also announced that the House agreed to the amendments of the Senate numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, and 12 to the bill (H. R. 13856), making appropriations for sundry independent executive bureaus, boards, commissions, corporations, agencies, and offices, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1959, and for other purposes, and concur therein; and that the House agreed to the amendment of the Senate numbered 8 to the bill, with the following amendments:

Strike out "\$53,300,000" and insert in lieu thereof "\$40,000,000."

Strike out "\$8,000,000" and insert in lieu thereof "\$6,000,000."

Strike out "\$25,000,000" and insert in lieu thereof "\$19,000,000."

Strike out "\$1,800,000" and insert in lieu thereof "\$1,350,000."

Strike out "\$5,000,000" and insert in lieu thereof "\$3,750,000."

And strike out "\$7,200,000" and insert in lieu thereof "\$5,400,000."

The message further announced that the House had agreed to the report of the committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendment of the Senate to the bill (H. R. 4059) for the relief of Mr. and Mrs. Carmen Scoppettuolo.

The message also announced that the House had passed a joint resolution (H. J. Res. 546) designating the week of November 21–27, 1958, as National Farm-City Week, in which it requested the concurrence of the Senate.

ENROLLED BILLS SIGNED

The message further announced that the Speaker had affixed his signature to the following enrolled bills, and they were signed by the Vice President:

H. R. 469. An act to protect producers and consumers against misbranding and false advertising of the fiber content of textile fiber products, and for other purposes;

H. R. 1684. An act for the relief of William Franklin Rollins;

H. R. 3571. An act for the relief of Boris F. Navratil;

H. R. 4073. An act for the relief of Peter James O'Brien;

H. R. 8943. An act to amend titles 10, 14, and 32, United States Code, to codify recent military law, and to improve the code;

H. R. 9258. An act for the relief of Mrs. Minnie Perreira;

H. R. 10495. An act to amend that part of the act of June 9, 1896 (29 Stat. 313), relating to the establishment of postal sta-

tions and branch post offices, so as to permit them to be established within 10 miles of the boundary of the adjoining city; and

H. R. 13861. An act to repeal certain provisions of law relating to messengers for the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives.

CONVENING OF THE 1ST SESSION OF THE 86TH CONGRESS

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President—

Mr. PROXIMIRE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that I may yield to the distinguished majority leader, without losing my right to the floor.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection? Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I send to the desk a joint resolution, for which I request immediate consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The joint resolution will be read by title, for the information of the Senate.

The LEGISLATIVE CLERK. A joint resolution (H. J. Res. 704) establishing that the 1st session of the 86th Congress convene at noon on Wednesday, January 7, 1959.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the request for the present consideration of the joint resolution?

Mr. DOUGLAS. Mr. President, reserving the right to object, let me ask whether this constitutes a motion for the adjournment of this session of Congress.

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. No: the joint resolution provides only the convening date for the 1st session of the 86th Congress, next January.

Mr. DOUGLAS. Is this an indication of how coming events cast their shadows before?

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. That is correct.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the request for the present consideration of the joint resolution?

There being no objection, the joint resolution (H. J. Res. 704) was considered, ordered to a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

DESIGNATION OF THE WEEK OF NOVEMBER 21–27, 1958, AS NATIONAL FARM-CITY WEEK

Mr. ELLENDER. Mr. President, will the Senator from Wisconsin yield 2 minutes to me?

Mr. PROXIMIRE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that I may yield 2 minutes to the Senator from Louisiana, without losing my right to the floor.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection? Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. ELLENDER. Mr. President, I ask that the Chair lay before the Senate House Joint Resolution 546.

The PRESIDING OFFICER laid before the Senate the joint resolution (H. J. Res. 546) designating the week of November 21–27, 1958, as National Farm-City Week, which was read twice by its title.

THE PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the present consideration of the joint resolution?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the joint resolution.

MR. ELLENDER. Mr. President, I have consulted the majority leader and the minority leader about taking up the resolution. A similar resolution has been adopted each year for the past 2 years.

I move its adoption.

THE PRESIDING OFFICER. The joint resolution is open to amendment.

If there be no amendment to be proposed, the question is on the third reading and passage of the joint resolution.

The joint resolution (H. J. Res. 546) was ordered to a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

In other words, there has been more than a doubling of the material. There has been about 110 percent increase in unpurified sewage between 1952 and 1957. Admittedly the problems of the sanitary district are very great. Undoubtedly the population has increased between 1952 and 1957.

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION APPROPRIATION BILL, 1959—CONFERENCE REPORT

MR. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, will the Senator yield for a unanimous consent request?

MR. PROXMIRE. I yield to the Senator from Texas, if I may do so without losing my right to the floor.

MR. JOHNSON of Texas. I ask unanimous consent that the Senator from Wisconsin be permitted to yield to the Senator from New Mexico [Mr. CHAVEZ] for the purpose of submitting the conference report on the military construction bill (H. R. 13489), with the understanding that at the conclusion of action on that conference report, the Senator from Wisconsin will be recognized.

THE PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection? The Chair hears none, and the Senator from New Mexico is recognized.

MR. CHAVEZ. Mr. President, I submit a report of the committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H. R. 13489) making appropriations for military construction for the Department of Defense for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1959, and for other purposes.

I ask unanimous consent for the present consideration of the report.

THE PRESIDING OFFICER. The report will be read for the information of the Senate.

The legislative clerk read the report.

(For conference report, see House proceedings of August 22, 1958, p. 17666, CONGRESSIONAL RECORD.)

THE PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the present consideration of the report?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the report.

MR. CHAVEZ. Mr. President, I move that the conference report be adopted.

THE PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the conference report.

MR. RUSSELL. Mr. President, I desire to make a very brief observation with respect to this report. I did not feel I could conscientiously, as a conferee, sign the report. That feeling grew out of the fact that in my opinion the Senate was compelled to yield on a number of items that are most vital to our defense effort. The Senate was able to secure only about \$130 million out of some \$500 million, nearly all of which were purchases by the Department of Defense, in the conference report.

It might not have been as sad as it was to yield no greater an amount than that if the items the Senate secured had been of the highest priority; but the

House conferees were adamant with respect to a large number of items not only for which there were budget estimates, but which the Department of Defense had stated were of the very highest priority.

I do not, of course, blame my colleagues on the conference for finally signing this report. I was present at enough of the conference to realize the atmosphere which obtained and the difficulties which confronted them. But I do wish to express my regret that the Senate was compelled to yield on items of the very highest priority, because I feel it will be detrimental to our overall efforts to secure this country against any contingency.

MR. CHAVEZ. Mr. President, with reference to what the Senator from Georgia has stated, I agree with him completely. I shall have a short statement inserted in the RECORD. The last paragraph is to the effect that the Senate conferees were not happy with the bill, but the House conferees were firm in opposition to nearly all requests for restoration.

That, in total, details the Senate conferees' position on the bill.

THE PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the conference report.

The report was agreed to.

MR. CHAVEZ. Mr. President, I ask that the Chair lay before the Senate a message from the House of Representatives with reference to certain amendments of the Senate to H. R. 13489.

THE PRESIDING OFFICER laid before the Senate a message from the House of Representatives announcing its action on certain amendments of the Senate to House bill 13489, which was read as follows:

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, U. S.,
August 23, 1958.

Resolved, That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 7 to the bill (H. R. 13489) making appropriations for military construction for the Department of Defense for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1959, and for other purposes, and concur therein.

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 2 to said bill, and concur therein with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the sum named in said amendment insert "\$6,250,000."

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 3 to said bill, and concur therein with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert "\$295,000,000."

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 10 to said bill, and concur therein with an amendment, as follows:

In lieu of the matter proposed by said amendment insert:

"SEC. 612. No part of the funds provided in this act shall be used for purchase of land or land easements in excess of 110 percent of the value as determined by the Corps of Engineers or the Bureau of Yards and Docks, except: (a) where there is a determination of value by a Federal court, (b) purchases negotiated by the Attorney General or his designee, and (c) where the estimated value is less than \$25,000."

Public Law 85-904
85th Congress, H. J. Res. 546
September 2, 1958

JOINT RESOLUTION

Designating the week of November 21-27, 1958, as National Farm-City Week.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the week of November 21-27, 1958, be designated as National Farm-City Week, in recognition of the contribution American farm families have made to our civilization and in order to promote better public understanding of the needs, problems, and opportunities of our country's agriculture and farm people, and to honor men and women who have contributed to agricultural achievements and progress.

National
Farm-City
Week, 1958.
Designation.

72 Stat.1741.
72 Stat.1742.

To this end the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the Department of Agriculture, the land-grant colleges, the Agricultural Extension Service, and all other appropriate agencies and officials of the Government to cooperate with National, State, and local farm organizations and other groups in the several States and counties in preparing and carrying out programs for the appropriate observation of National Farm-City Week, including plans for public meetings, discussions, exhibits, pageants, and press, radio, and television features with a special emphasis on notable achievements by rural groups and individuals, local, State, and National, and on the all-around enrichment of American country living through adequate cultural, spiritual, educational, recreational, and health facilities for both rural youth and rural adults.

Approved September 2, 1958.

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